

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**1.1. Product identifier**

Code: **C00012**
 Product name: **BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**
 UFI: **KT11-906N-F00J-CMAV**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **repair mortar**

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **Licata S.p.A.**
 Full address: **Via dei Mille 32**
 District and Country: **00185 Roma (RM) Italia**
 Tel.: **+39 0922 856088**
 Fax: **+39 0922 831427**
 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **controllo-qualita@licataspa.it**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to:
NHS111in England: 111
NHS24in Scotland: 111
NHS Direct in Wales: 111 or 0845 4647
In an emergency, if the patient has collapsed or is not breathing properly, call 999

SECTION 2. Hazards identification**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: **Danger**

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>**

Hazard statements:

H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P261	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P264	Wash your hands thoroughly after use.

Contains:	Portland cement clinker
	Portland cement clinker
	Flue dust

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Portland cement clinker		
INDEX	$18 \leq x < 19,5$	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1B H317
EC	266-043-4	
CAS	65997-15-1	
REACH Reg.	02-2119682167-31-0000	
QUARTZ		
INDEX	$13,5 \leq x < 15$	Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.
EC	238-878-4	
CAS	14808-60-7	
Portland cement clinker		
INDEX	$13,5 \leq x < 15$	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1B H317
EC	266-043-4	
CAS	65997-15-1	
REACH Reg.	02-2119682167-31-0000	
Fumes, silica		
INDEX	$2 \leq x < 3$	Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.
EC	273-761-1	
CAS	69012-64-2	
REACH Reg.	01-2119486866-17-0001	
Flue dust		
INDEX	$0,7 \leq x < 1$	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1 H317
EC	270-659-9	
CAS	68475-76-3	
REACH Reg.	01-2119486767-17-0xxx	
TIN(II) SULFATE		
INDEX	$0 < x < 0,003$	Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC	231-302-2	LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 2 mg/l
CAS	7488-55-3	
REACH Reg.	01-2119856668-19-0000	

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients** ... / >>**QUARTZ (fine fraction <125 µm powder)**

INDEX 0 < x < 0,003 STOT RE 1 H372
EC 238-878-4
CAS 14808-60-7

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**5.1. Extinguishing media****SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT**

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

Do not breathe combustion products. The product is combustible and, when the powder is released into the air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of a source of ignition, it can create explosive mixtures with air. Fires may start or get worse by leakage of the solid product from the container, when it reaches high temperatures or through contact with sources of ignition.

5.3. Advice for firefighters**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust.
Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters**

Regulatory references:

ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2024
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France Décret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021
HRV	Hrvatska	PRAVILNIK O IZMJENAMA I DOPUNAMA PRAVILNIKA O ZAŠTITI RADNIKA OD IZLOŽENOSTI OPASNIM KEMIKALIJAMA NA RADU, GRANIČNIM VRIJEDNOSTIMA IZLOŽENOSTI I BIOLOŠKIM GRANIČNIM VRIJEDNOSTIMA
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti rakotvornim, mutagenim ali reprotoksičnim snovem pri delu. Ljubljana, četrtek 4. 4. 2024
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>****Portland cement clinker****Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	Remarks / Observations
VLEP	ITA	1				

Portland cement clinker**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	Remarks / Observations
VLEP	ITA	1				

Flue dust**Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

Normal value in fresh water	0,282	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,028	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,875	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,088	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,282	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	6	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	5	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation			0,84 mg/m3		4 mg/m3			0,84 mg/m3

QUARTZ (fine fraction <125 µm powder)**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	Remarks / Observations
VLA	ESP		0,05			RESP
VLEP	FRA	0,1				RESP
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,1				
VLEP	ITA	0,1				RESP
MV	SVN	0,05				RESP
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP

QUARTZ**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	Remarks / Observations
VLA	ESP		0,05			RESP
VLEP	FRA	0,1				RESP
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,1				
VLEP	ITA	0,1				RESP
MV	SVN	0,15				RESP
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>****TIN(II) SULFATE****Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	2				Como Sn
GVI/KGVI	HRV	2				Kao Sn
VLEP	ITA	2				Sn
MV	SVN	8				INHAL Kot Sn
WEL	GBR	2		4		As Sn
OEL	EU	2				

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,032	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,0032	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	11889	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	1188,9	mg/kg/d
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,182	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	83,4	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,136	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local
Oral				0,88			
				mg/kg bw/d			
Inhalation	2,41		0,046	1,53	3241	0,180	8,67
	mg/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin	0,88			0,88	2,46		2,46
	mg/kg bw/d			mg/kg bw/d	mg/kg		mg/kg
					bw/d		bw/d

Fumes, silica**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP polvere di silice cristallina

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local
Inhalation						0,300	
						mg/m3	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

During the risk assessment process, it is essential to take into consideration the ACGIH occupational exposure levels for particulate not otherwise classified (PNOC respirable fraction: 3 mg/m3; PNOC inhalable fraction: 10 mg/m3). For values above these limits, use a P type filter, whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the outcome of risk assessment. The above values are not TLVs, but guide values, to be used for particles that do not have their own TLV and that are insoluble or poorly soluble in water and have low toxicity.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374).

Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>****RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

Use a type P filtering facemask, whose class (1, 2 or 3) and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment (see standard EN 149).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	powder	
Colour	grey	
Odour	characteristic	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	not available	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	12	
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Solubility	not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	not available	
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not available	

Supplementary information for nanoforms**CALCIUM CARBONATE****Shape 1:**

D50	2,6	µm
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9.2. Other information**9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

Portland cement clinker

When mixed with water, the white concrete hardens forming a stable mass that does not react with the environment.

Portland cement clinker

When mixed with water, the white concrete hardens forming a stable mass that does not react with the environment.

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Decomposes at temperatures above 800°C/1472°F.

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity** ... / >>**10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

QUARTZ (fine fraction <125 µm powder)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid environmental dust build-up.

QUARTZ (fine fraction <125 µm powder)

Decomposes if exposed to: sources of heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

QUARTZ (fine fraction <125 µm powder)

Incompatible with: Oxidants.

CALCIUM CARBONATE

Incompatible with: acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

CALCIUM CARBONATE

May develop: calcium oxides, carbon oxides.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

CALCIUM CARBONATE

LD50 (Dermal):

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Oral):

> 2000 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

> 3 mg/l Rat

Slag, ferrous metals, blast furnace

LD50 (Dermal):

4000 mg/kg Ratto

LD50 (Oral):

2000 mg/kg Ratto

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

5235 mg/l Ratto

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>**

Fumes, silica	
LD50 (Dermal):	5000 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	5000 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	140 mg/l Rat

Flue dust	
LD50 (Dermal):	2000 mg/kg Ratto
LD50 (Oral):	1848 mg/kg Ratto
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	6,04 mg/l/4h Ratto

TIN(II) SULFATE	
LD50 (Oral):	2207 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	2 mg/l Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

CALCIUM CARBONATE	
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	14 mg/l/72h

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 12. Ecological information** ... / >>

Slag, ferrous metals, blast furnace
 LC50 - for Fish 550000 mg/l/96h
 EC50 - for Crustacea 506500 mg/l/48h
 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 80000 mg/l/72h
 EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 32000 mg/l/72h
 Chronic NOEC for Fish 500000 mg/l 6 mesi
 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 50000 mg/l
 Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 32000 mg/l

Fumes, silica
 LC50 - for Fish 100 mg/l/96h
 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 250 mg/l/72h
 LC10 for Fish 10000 mg/l/96h
 EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 228 mg/l/72h
 Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 228 mg/l

Flue dust
 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 28,2 mg/l/72h
 EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 10,3 mg/l/72h
 Chronic NOEC for Fish 11,1 mg/l
 Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 100 mg/l
 Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 10,3 mg/l

TIN(II) SULFATE
 LC50 - for Fish 29,5 mg/l/96h
 EC50 - for Crustacea 55 mg/l/48h
 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 18,2 mg/l/72h
 EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 9,1 mg/l/72h
 Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 9,1 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

CALCIUM CARBONATE
 Solubility in water 16,6 mg/l
 Degradability: information not available Sostanza inorganica

Portland cement clinker
 Solubility in water 800 mg/l
 Degradability: information not available Sostanza inorganica

QUARTZ
 Degradability: information not available

Portland cement clinker
 Solubility in water 800 mg/l
 Degradability: information not available Sostanza inorganica

Slag, ferrous metals, blast furnace
 Solubility in water 0,01 mg/l
 NOT rapidly degradable

Fumes, silica
 Solubility in water 135 mg/l
 Degradability: information not available Sostanza inorganica

Flue dust
 Degradability: information not available

TIN(II) SULFATE
 Solubility in water 188000 mg/l
 Rapidly degradable

QUARTZ (fine fraction <125 µm powder)
 Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 12. Ecological information** ... / >>

Slag, ferrous metals, blast furnace Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	-9 Log Kow 10
TIN(II) SULFATE BCF	3000

12.4. Mobility in soil

TIN(II) SULFATE Partition coefficient: soil/water	371535,229
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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.
Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.
The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE.
CONTAMINATED PACKAGING
Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)
 25. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
 26. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2024/197 (XXI Atp. CLP)
 27. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2024/2564 (XXII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website

C00012 - BetonFIP RAPID REINFORCED**SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>**

- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 16.